DOOSAN INFRACORE GENERATOR ENGINE



DB58

Ratings (kWm/PS)	Gross Eng	jine Output	Net Engine Output		
	Standby	Prime	Standby	Prime	
1500rpm(50Hz)	59/80	54/73	57/78	52/71	
1800rpm(60Hz)	70/95	64/87	68/92	62/84	



Ratings Definitions

The power ratings of Emergency Standby and Prime are in accordance with ISO 8528.

Fuel Stop power in accordance with ISO 3046.

<u>STANDBY POWER RATING</u> is applicable for supplying emergency power for the duration of the utility power outage. No overload capability is available for this rating. A standby rated engine should be sized for a maximum of an 80% average load factor and 200 hours of operation per year. This includes less than 25 hours per year at the Standby Power rating.

<u>PRIME POWER RATING</u> is available for an unlimited number of hours per year in variable load application. Variable load should not exceed a 70% average of the Prime Power rating during any operating period of 250 hours. The Total operating time at 100% Prime Power shall not exceed 500 hours per year. A 10% overload capability is available for a period of 1 hour withing a 12 hour period of operation. Total operating time at the 10% overload power shall not exceed 25 hous per year

© GENERAL ENGINE DATA

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○ Engine Model	DB58
○ Engine Type	4-Cycle, In-line, 6-Cylinder Diesel, water cooled, Naturally aspirated
○ Bore x stroke	102 x 118 mm
○ Displacement	5.785 liters
○ Compression ratio	17.5 : 1
○ Rotation	Counter clockwise viewed from Flywheel
○ Firing order	1-5-3-6-2-4
○ Injection timing	40°±4° DTDC
○ Dry weight	450kg(with Fan)
○ Dimension (LxWxH)	1,144 x 705 x 836 mm
○ Fly wheel housing	
○ Fly wheel	Clutch NO 11 1/2M
O Number of teeth on flywheel	129
© ENGINE MOUNTING	
Maximum Bending Moment at Rear Face to Block	1325 N ⋅ M
© EXHAUST SYSTEM	
Maximum Back Pressure	5.9 kPa
O AIR INDUCTION SYSTEM	
Maximum Intake Air Restriction	
. With Clean Filter Element	2.16 kPa
. With Dirty Filter Element	6.23 kPa
OMax. static pressure after Radiator	0.125 kPa

© COOLING SYSTEM

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Water circulation by centrifugal pump on engine	
○ Cooling method	Fresh water forced circulation
○ Coolant capacity	Engine Only: Approx. 12 lit, With Radiator: Approx 31 lit. (standard)
○ Coolant flow rate	liters / min
○ Pressure Cap	Max. 49 kPa
○ Water Temperature	
- Maximum for standby and Prime	103℃
- Before start of full load	40.0℃
○ Water pump	Centrifugal type driven by belt
∵ Thermostat Type and Range	Wax – pellet type, Opening temp. 82°C , Full open temp. 95°C
○ Cooling fan	Blower type, steel , 520 mm diameter, 6 blade
○ Max. external coolant system restriction	Not Available
UBRICATION SYSTEM	
Force-feed lubrication by gear pump, lubricating	pil cooling in cooling water circuit of engine
○ Lub. Method	
	Fully forced pressure feed type
○ Oil pump	Gear type driven by crank-shaft gear
Oil filter	Full flow, cartridge type
Oil capacity	Max. 19 liters , Min. 16 liters
○ Lub oil pressure	Idle Speed: Min 100 kPa
	Governed Speed : Min 250 kPa
Maximum oil temperature	120℃
○ Angularity limit	Front down 10 deg , Front up 10 deg , Side to side 22.5 deg
○ Lubrication oil	Refer to Operation Manual
O FUEL SYSTEM	
Bosch type in-line pump with integrated, electron	nagnetic actuator.
○ Injection pump	Zexel in-line "A" type
○ Governor	RSV type (all speed control)
○ Speed drop	G2 Class (ISO 8528)
○ Feed pump	
○ Injection nozzle	Multi hole type
	21.6 MPa
○ Fuel filter	Full flow, cartridge type with water drain valve
↑ Maximum fuel inlet restriction	10 kPa
Maximum fuel return restriction	60 kPa
○ Fuel feed pump Capacity	175 liters / hr
○ Used fuel	Diesel fuel oil
© ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	
Battery Charging Alternator	28.5V x 45A alternator
○ Voltage regulator	Built-in type IC regulator
·g g	24V x 4.5 kW
9 9	24V X 4.3 KVV
Starting motorBattery Voltage	24V
 Starting motor Starting wotor Battery Voltage Battery Capacity Starting aid (Option) 	

O VALVE SYSTEM

○ Туре	Overhead valve type			
 Number of valve 	Intake 1, exhaust 1 per cylinder			
Valve lashes at cold	Intake 0.4mm, Exhaust 0.4mm			
 Valve timing 				
	Opening Close			
Intake valve	28 deg. BTDC 62 deg. ABDC			
Exhaust valve	70 deg. BBDC 28 deg. ATDC			

O PERFORMANCE DATA	Prime Power		Standby Power		
○ Governed Engine speed	rpm	1500	1800	1500	1800
○ Engine Idle Speed	rpm	800	800	800	800
Over speed limit	rpm	1650	1980	1650	1980
○ Gross Engine Power Output	kW	54	64	59	70
	ps	73	87	80	95
O Break Mean effective pressur	∙є Мра	0.54	0.53	0.59	0.58
○ Mean Piston Speed	m/s	5.9	7.08	5.9	7.08
○ Friction Horsepower	kW	13	17	13	17
	ps	17.67	23.11	17.67	23.11
 Specific fuel consumption 					
25% load	liters/hr	4.8	5.7	5.9	6.4
50% load	liters/hr	7.6	8.4	8.8	9.8
75% load	liters/hr	10.5	12.2	11.7	13.1
100% load	liters/hr	13.9	16.4	15.3	18.1
○ Maximum Lube oil consumpti	c g/h	51.1	60.9	56	66.5
○ Fan Power	kW	1.5	2	1.5	2
○ Exhaust Noise at 1m Horizon	tally from Cente	erline of Exhaust Pipe di	ista		
(without Fan)	dB(A)	93.6	94.5	93.6	94.5

The all data and the specific fuel consumption are based on ISO 3046/1, Standard reference conditions are in accordance v 298 K(25° Celsius) air temperature, 100kPa(1000mbar) air pressure, 60% relative humidity, 110m(361ft) altitude.

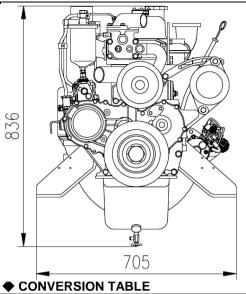
Operation At Elevated Temperature And Altitude: The engine may be operated at :

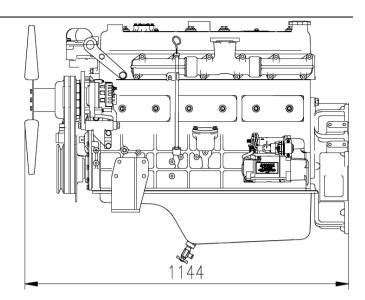
1800 rpm & 1500rpm up to 750~ 1000m and 30°C without power deration

For sustained operation above these conditions, derate by 3% per 304m , and $\,$ 2% per 11 $\,$ °C

Engine Data with Dry Type Ex					
Intake Air Flow	m3/min	8.80	14.19	9.09	14.53
 Exhaust gas temp. after turbo 	o. °C	603	570	-	-
○ Exhaust Gas Flow	m3/min	_	8.46	_	8.46
O Heat Rejection to Exhaust	kW	49.0	57.8	53.9	63.8
○ Heat Rejection to Coolant	kW	21.3	25.1	23.4	27.7
○ Heat Rejetion to Intercooler	kW	-	-	-	-
ORadiated Heat to Ambient	kW	5.0	5.9	5.5	6.5
○ Cooling water circulation	liters/min	77	95	77	95
○ Cooling fan air flow	m3/min	100	118	100	118

♦ ENGINE DIMENSION





in. = mm x 0.0394

 $PS = kW \times 1.3596$

 $psi = kg/cm2 \times 14.2233$

in3 = lit. x 61.02

 $hp = PS \times 0.98635$

 $lb = kg \times 2.20462$

 $kW = Kcal/sec \times 0.239$

 $lb/ft = N.m \times 0.737$ U.S. gal = lit. $\times 0.264$

kW = 0.2388 kcal/s

 $lb/PS.h = g/kW.h \times 0.00162$

 $cfm = m^3/min \times 35.336$

Mpa = Pa x 1000 = bar x 10